

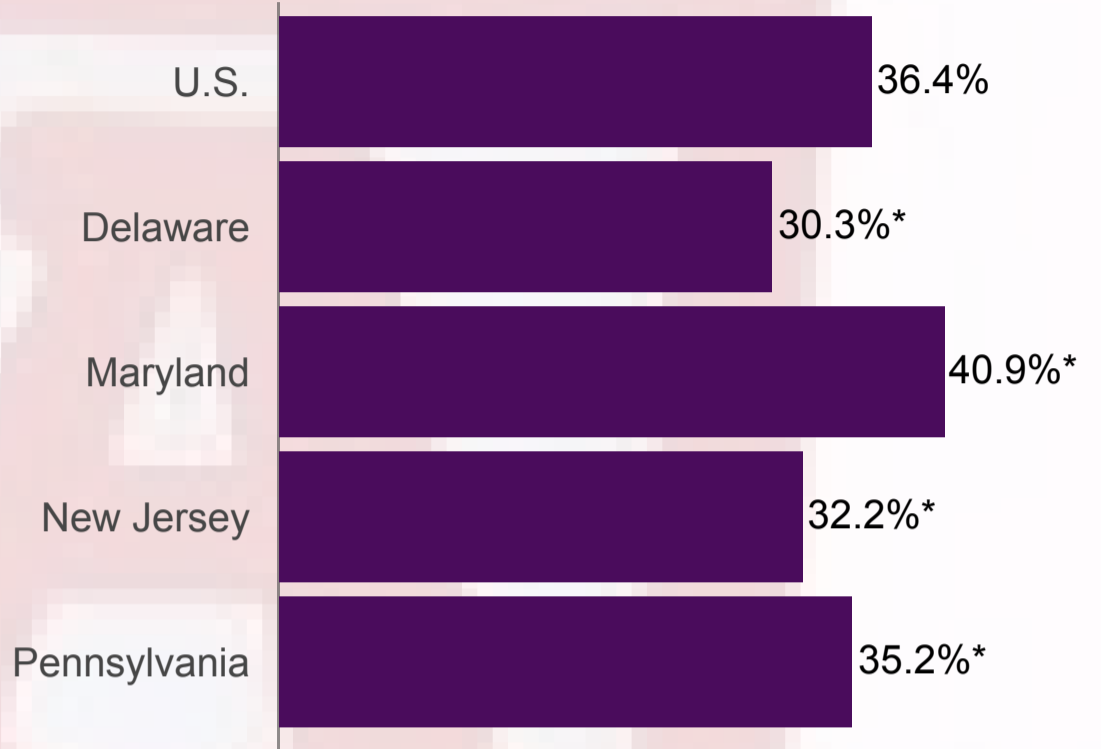
DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING



HOW ARE WE DOING?

According to the 2018/2019 National Survey of Children's Health, 69.7%* of Delaware children did NOT receive a developmental screening. The national average of children not receiving the screening is 63.6%.

Three out of every 4 children in Delaware did not receive a developmental screening using a parent completed screening tool.



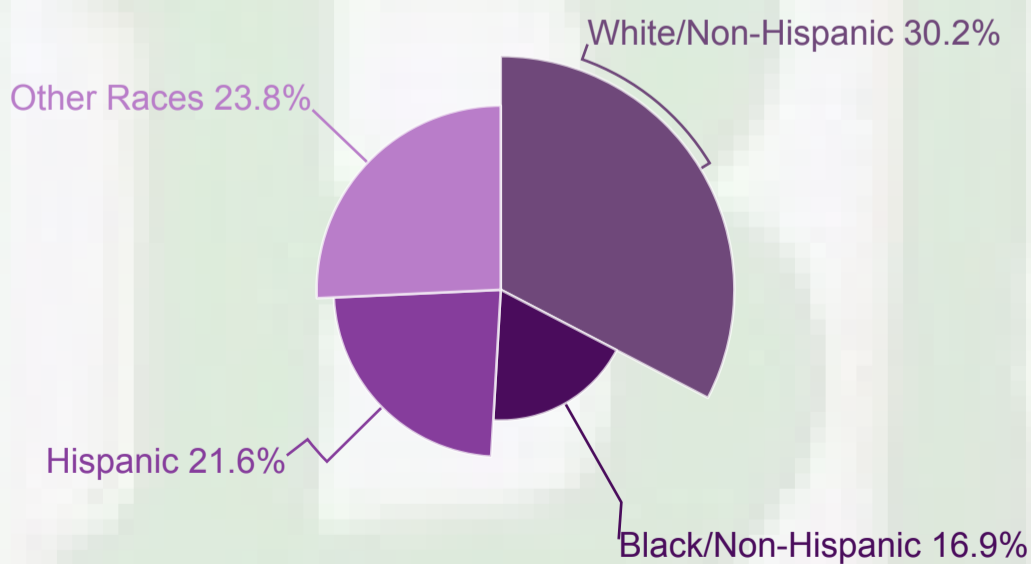
CHILDREN, AGES 9 - 35 MONTHS, WHO RECEIVED A DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING USING A PARENT COMPLETED SCREENING TOOL IN THE PAST YEAR (2018/2019 NATIONAL SURVEY OF CHILDREN'S HEALTH)

*Estimate has a 95% confidence interval width exceeding 20 percentage points or 1.2 times the estimate and may not be reliable.



INCREASE THE NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO RECEIVE A DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING.

Early identification of developmental disorders is critical to the well-being of children and their families.



WHEN COMPARING RACE/ETHNICITY, AFRICAN AMERICAN AND HISPANIC FAMILIES HAVE SIGNIFICANTLY LOWER RATES THAN WHITE FAMILIES



DELAWARE'S ACTIVE MEASURES

Developmental Screening is one of Delaware's currently selected National Performance Measures (NPM) for the 2021 fiscal year.



The Early Childhood Comprehensive Systems (ECCS) project is part of a nationwide initiative to build and implement comprehensive systems of care that support family and community approaches to promote positive early development and early school success for young children.



DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING



<https://dethrives.com/title-v>



DELAWARE GOALS

Increase the percent of children, ages 9-35 months, receiving a developmental screening using a validated parent-completed screening tool.

Promote parent and caregiver awareness of developmental screening.



DELAWARE'S COMMUNITY VOICE

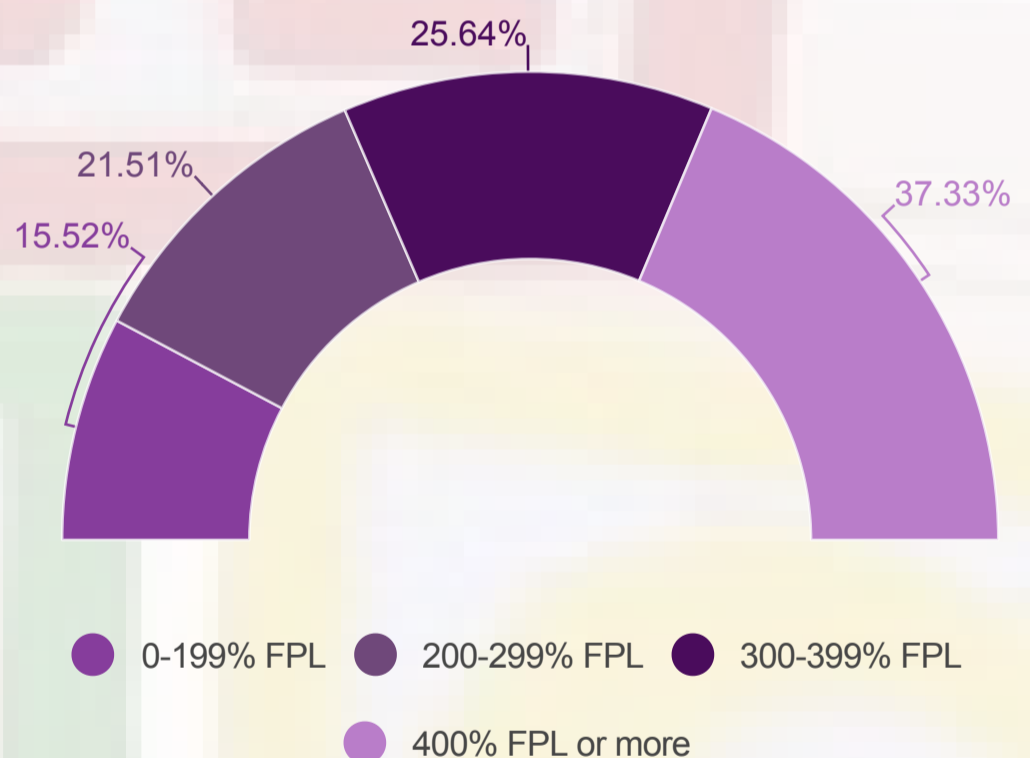
"A parent who responded to the Books, Balls and Blocks evaluation stated she gained new skills that will assist her in helping her child develop fine motor skills."



DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING

Early identification of developmental disorders is critical to the well-being of children and their families. It is an integral function of the primary care medical home. The percent of children with a developmental disorder has been increasing, yet overall screening rates have remained low. The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) recommends screening tests begin at the nine month visit and continue at the 12, 24, and 36 month visit.

COMPARING THE DELAWARE POVERTY LEVEL OF CHILDREN, AGES 9-35 MONTHS, WHO RECEIVED A DEVELOPMENTAL SCREENING USING A PARENT COMPLETED SCREENING TOOL IN THE PAST YEAR



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According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the use of a validated screening tool to determine a child's development has the potential to "significantly improve functioning and reduce the need for lifelong interventions."

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